### **PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION-1**

- 1. Introduction to Public Health
- 2. Sanitary Inspector-a multifaceted role model
- 3. Physics, Chemistry & Mathematics
- 4. Concept of Health & Disease
- 5. Anatomy & Physiology
- 6. Elemetary Microbiology
- 7. Entomology
- 8. Elementary pharmacology
- 9. Personal hygine
- 10. Common aliments and treatment
- 11. Chemicals used in public health and disease control
- 12. First aid
- 13. Disinfection
- 14. Important techniques
- 15. Update

## **PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION -2**

- 1. Contents
- 2. Epidemiology of Communicable diseases
- 3. Immunisation
- 4. Epidemiology of Non-communicable Dieases
- 5 Behavioral Science
- 6. Health education
- 7.Information, Education &

Communication (IEC)

- i. Communication Techniques
- ii. Communication in Health
- iii. Inter-personal Communication
- 8. School health
- 9. Nutrition
- 10. Appendix
- 11. Upate

## **PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION -3**

- 1. Primary Health Care
- 2. Health Administration in India
- 3. Maternal and Child Health
- 4. Demography and Family Welfare
- 5. Health Information and Basic Statistics
- 6. The Registration of Birthsand Deaths Act.
- 7. Maintenance of Recordsand Reports
- 8. Health Programmes in India
- 9. Provisions in the Municipal Act. Pertaining to Public Health
- 10. Occupational Health
- 11. International Health
- 12. Office Management,
- 13. Book-keeping and Accounts

# **PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION -4**

- 1. Environmental Health
- Water
- Water purification & surveillance
  - 2. Solid Waste Management
  - 3. Role of Sanitary Inspector in

## rural waste disposal

- 4. Excreta Disposal
- 5. Sewage Disposal
- 6. Hospital Waste Management
- 7. Air
- 8. Metereological Environment
- 9. Housing
- 10. Ventilation
- 11. Lighting
- 12. Radiation
- 13. Noise
- 14. Soil
- 15. Engineering Methods of Disease Control
- 16. Sanitation at fairs, Festivals and camps